



Birches First School  
Believe, Grow, Succeed



School Closure Home Learning  
Year 1 Daily Tasks

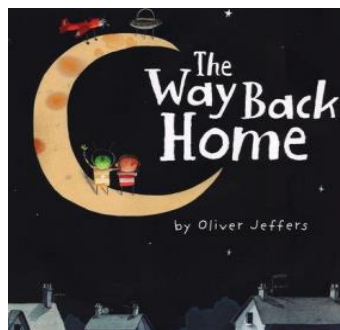
- Please write the date before you start your work.

Thursday 21st May 2020

## English

Today we are going to make predictions about a story

The Way Back Home by Oliver Jeffers.



Look at the cover of the book.

What do you think it will be about?

Who are the main characters? Describe them.

Where is the story set?

What happens in the story?

How does it end?

Write a few sentences predicting what you think the story is about. Don't forget to use capital letters and full stops!

## Reading

Read the text and answer the questions.

### A new pet

Tom was six. He lived in a flat with his Mum. The flat was on the top floor. It was very high up!

One day, Tom said to his Mum, "Mum, can I have a dog?"

But Mum shook her head and said, "No Tom, you can't have a dog.

There are no dogs allowed in a flat."

Tom wanted to cry. Then he said, "Mum, can I have a cat?"

But Mum shook her head and said "No Tom, you can't have a cat. There are no cats allowed in a flat."

Now Tom did start to cry. "I want my own pet!" he shouted.

Mum patted Tom on the back and gave him a kiss, "Don't cry Tom, I will see what I can do."

The next day, when Tom got home from school, there was a small cage on the table. Tom was excited! He ran to look in the cage. In the cage was an orange hamster! Mum put the hamster in Tom's hands.

Tom smiled and said, "I will call it Rusty. Thank you, Mum!"



### Questions

Please answer in full sentences.

1. How old is Tom?
2. Where does Tom live?
3. What pets did Tom want?
4. How does Tom feel when Mum says "No?" How do you know this?
5. How does Mum try to make Tom feel better?

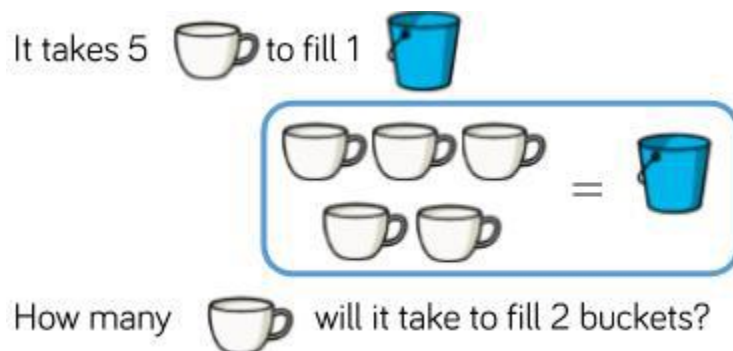
6. Why was Tom excited when he saw a cage on the table?
7. What was in the cage?
8. Why did Tom call his pet, 'Rusty?'
9. How do you know Tom is happy about his new pet?
10. Do you have a pet or would you like one?

## Maths

When we measure, we need to understand that the unit of measure must stay the same, for example the same cup, the same spoon etc.

Measure accurately and make each container or non-standard measure full.


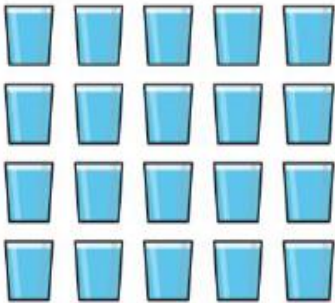
The capacity of the \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ teacups.



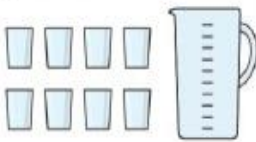



What about 3 buckets? How many teacups will it take to fill 3 buckets?

## Practical task

Find a large container and a smaller container (ask permission in the kitchen). Investigate how many small containers it takes to fill the larger containers. First, make a prediction, then see if you are correct.

Task 1	Task 2
<p>4 glasses of water fill 1 jug.</p>  <p>a) How many glasses will fill 2 jugs? <input type="text"/></p>	<p>4 glasses of water fill 1 jug. Eva uses 20 glasses of water.</p>  <p>How many jugs can she fill?</p> <p>Eva can fill <input type="text"/> jugs.</p>

Task 3	Task 4
<p>Teddy pours these 6 glasses of juice. He uses a whole bottle of juice.</p>  <div data-bbox="247 1153 758 1332">  <p>The bottle has a capacity of 6 glasses.</p> </div> <p>Do you agree with Teddy? _____</p> <p>Discuss with your adult.</p>	<p>It takes 8 glasses of water to fill a jug.</p>  <p>It takes 3 jugs of water to fill a bucket.</p>  <p>How many <b>glasses</b> of water fill a bucket? <input type="text"/></p> <p>What else can you find out?</p>